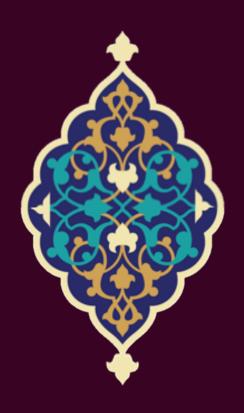
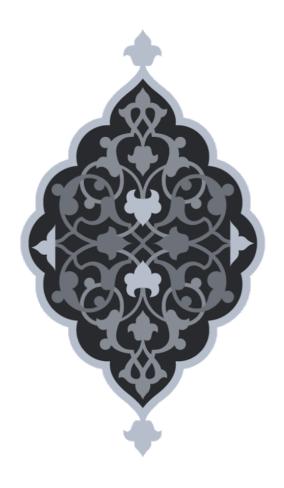
الأعكار اليومية



DAILY REMEMBRANCES



Compiled by Shaykh Mokhtar Maghraoui First Edition Istanbul, 2022

For a soft copy, see: www.shaykhmokhtar.com



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PREFACE

Everything that exists — material or abstract — is in a state of Allah's remembrance (*dhikr*). "And there is not a thing that does not glorify His praise, except you do not understand how." How can I choose to remain unresponsive to such a majestic cosmic chorus proclaiming Allah's unicity?

Our Master Muhammad remembered Allah unceasingly: "My eyes sleep, but my heart does not." Indeed, every moment of his sublime life was the effect of a heart fully immersed, inexpressibly so, in Divine remembrance (dhikr).

To thus seek a heart (qalb) awakened and enlivened with Allah's remembrance (dhikr) is to emulate his Sunna. I must never forget: My heart (qalb) is my most precious gift — the seat of my cognition, emotion and will. With it, I perceive, experience and seek the Infinite.

My heart's heedlessness of Allah (*ghafla*) is the source of every harm; to forget Him is to forego all grace and goodness. The unpleasant reality of my attachments is that I remember what I love. My myriad intimate, inner affinities drive my thoughts, feelings, choices, actions and, ultimately, my style of life.

There is no surer way to correct my course than Allah's remembrance (*dhikr*). For in striving to remember Him with my tongue and senses, I am constantly orienting

¹ Qur 'an: 17:44

² Al-Bukhari, Muslim, Al-Tirmidhi, Abu Dawud, and Al-Nasa'i

and reorienting my heart (qalb) upon the sole Source of my existence and subsistence, its ultimate aim and end, its true felicity and freedom.

The cleansing of my heart's faculties is the essence of Islam's spiritual dimension, *al-Ihsan*, and the purification of the self (*tazkiyat al-nafs*). The Messenger lovingly reminds us that there is no more effective purifier and polisher of the heart than Divine remembrance (*dhikr*).³

The texts are prolific on the virtues of Divine remembrance (*dhikr*). For example, the Qur'an exhorts us to be in abundant remembrance: "O you who believe, remember Allah profusely." Unlike any other act of worship, Divine remembrance may be practiced under any condition, circumstance and context. It is encouraged unrestrictedly because, it might be said, its merit is limitless.

And what can be a more poignant motivation to remember Allah — the Infinite in majesty and beauty, the Self-Sufficient, without need, the Owner and Dispenser of every largesse — than to be remembered by Allah Himself? "Remember Me, I will remember you."⁵

Human beings are, however, forgetful and easily distracted. To keep the Divine foremost in my heart (*qalb*), and resist the powerful entropies of my base self and my hyper-materialistic milieu, our spiritual teachers have advised a daily regime, or litany of remembrance (*wird*), as an essential element of a quality life worth living.

What you are holding is a litany (wird) compiled by Shaykh Mokhtar Maghraoui, to be read daily in the morning and evening, and after each salah. It contains, almost entirely, remembrances (adhkar) and supplications (du'a') from the Messenger ; a few selections from our earlier scholar-saints (in particular, four very meritorious prayers upon the Messenger); as well as some of Shaykh

³Al-Bayhaqi (Al-Daʻawat al-Kabir)

⁴ Qur'an: 33:41

⁵ Our 'an: 2:152

Mokhtar's personal additions to cure diseases of the heart (*qalb*). Additionally, you will find a litany (*wird*) for the blessed day of Friday and some suggested additional daily remembrances.

This particular litany (*wird*) was a foundational element of the in-person *Suhba Fellowship Program* in Istanbul, and now its successor, the global *Suhba Online* program. Students learn it gradually over the course of a year, incorporate it into their lives, and recite it communally in the online *Weekly Remembrance Circle*.

May Allah help us summon the sincerity, resolve and perseverance to make this litany (*wird*) our life-long companion. Our scholar-saints teach that the gift of constancy in Divine remembrance is the royal edict of a relationship of intimate-friendship (*wilaya*) with Allah. May we be of them, by His solicitous grace. *Amīn*.





BUILDING A LIFELONG HABIT OF DIVINE REMEMBRANCE Guidelines and Advice

On the Morning and Evening Adhkār

As we are instructed in the Qur'an, and as was the practice of the Messenger , the morning *adhkar* should ideally be read after *Fajr* and before sunrise, but it may be read later in the morning. Similarly, the evening *adkhar* should ideally be read soon after 'Asr and before Maghrib, but it may be read anytime in the evening.

The *adhkar* – which include supplications, glorifications, gratitudes, and affirmations – are meant both as a protection and source of *baraka* (blessings) for our day. When a specific virtue or reward has been mentioned in the *Sunna*, it was included in the booklet.

Some *adhkar* are to be recited both in the morning and evening, with the number of repetitions indicated under the translation. The bolded elements in some *adkhar* indicate what words are to be substituted or added in the evening recitation.

When trying to develop the habit of reciting the litany, some have found it easier to attach the morning and evening *adhkar* to an already existing habit, like one of the obligatory prayers. If need be, one may read these *adkhar* while walking, driving, cooking or while working.

On the After Şalāh Adhkār

The after *salah adkhar* should be read after every obligatory *salah*, preferably while staying in the same spot where one has prayed. There is a *hadith* which states that the angels continue to supplicate for the one who finishes his prayer and remains in *dhikr* of Allah, until he stands and leaves his place of prayer.⁶

Some of the *adhkar* are only recited at *Fajr* and/or *Maghrib*. Both the number of repetitions and the time to read each of the *adhkar* are indicated under the translation.

On the Friday Adhkār

In Islam, Friday is the 'Eid of the week. The day of Jumu'a – literally, the day of gathering – is a day of communal gathering for the Friday prayer, as it is, essentially, the gathering of our hearts and minds upon Allah. There is no greater gift than a heart gathered in jam', or focus, on the Divine.

The wird of Jumu'a is instrumental in fostering this spiritual focus and extending it during the next week. Among the richest benefits of this wird is that the practice of sending salawat upon the Messenger on this day should energize me to take salawat as an essential wird of dhikr and du'a' everyday.

On the Additional Recommended Daily Adhkār

The four recommended formulae of *adhkar* have great spiritual merit and may be done in one or more sittings during the day, or while going about one's daily tasks. In establishing a *wird* habit, the morning and evening *adhkar*, and the after *salah adhkar*, should be prioritized.

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⁶Al-Bukhari and Muslim

General Advice for Spiritual Benefit

As you start incorporating these *adkhar* in your day, you will start feeling their effect both on yourself and on those around you. Start slowly. Read what you can. Then build up gradually. Allah loves those deeds that are done consistently, even if small.⁷ You can read from the booklet or from a soft copy on your mobile phone.

If you have other friends or family members who want to also build the habit of *dhikr*, some have found great strength in reading the *adhkar* audibly, together. Reading the *adhkar* together as a family is a highly recommended and effective way to introduce the *adhkar* to our children.

Do not worry about fluency in the beginning. Fluency and memorization will be achieved through repetition. May Allah remove the knots in our tongue and multiply our rewards according to our efforts! When one becomes familiar with the morning and evening *adhkar*, its completion should take 15–20 minutes, *insha'Allah*. The *adhkar* after salah will take about 5–7 minutes, *insha'Allah*,

Many students find it challenging to read Arabic. But do not let that be an impediment. We have prepared an audio recording of both the morning and evening and the after *salah adhkar* at *www.shaykhmokhtar.com*. We encourage you to follow along until you find comfort in reading by yourself.

To achieve maximum benefit, we suggest the following:

- 1. Although not necessary, it is recommended to be in *wudu*' and to face the *Qibla*.
- 2. Try to understand the meaning of what you recite. The translation has been included for this purpose. This takes time, but it will get easier with practice.

⁷ Ibn Majah

- Focusing on the meanings is a powerful way to focus the heart and allow the *dhikr* to affect and illuminate us.
- 3. Do not be hasty in reading the *adhkar*. Try to remain aware that Allah is Ever-Watchful of your senses and heart (*qalb*). This is called Divine Mindfulness (*muraqaba*) and is an essential dimension of any act of worship.
- 4. Familiarize yourself with the virtues of reading the *adhkar*. They have been included in the book to give us spiritual momentum and resolve for *dhikr*.
- 5. Supplicate to Allah to give you grace and constancy from Him.

There is an Arabic only version of the *adhkar* litany at the back of the book. A *pdf* copy of the book can also be downloaded from *www.shaykhmokhtar.com*.



MORNING AND EVENING ADHKĀR

I seek refuge in the perfect words of Allah from the evil of His creation.

Three times in the evening

Muslim. Whoever recites this in the evening will not be harmed by anything.



In the name of Allah, with Whose Name nothing harms in the earth nor in the heavens, and He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

Three times in the morning and evening

Al-Tirmidhi and Abu Dawud. Whoever reads this three times in the morning and evening will not be harmed by anything, and will not be afflicted by a sudden calamity.



Allah is sufficient for me. There is none to be worshiped besides Him. Upon Him do I place my reliance, and He is the Lord of the Exalted Throne.

Seven times in the morning and evening

Ibn al-Sunni. Whoever recites this, Allah will suffice him all his concerns of this world and the Next.





أَصْبَحْنَا\اً مْسَيْنَا عَلَىٰ فِطْرَةِ ٱلإِسْلَامِ، وَعَلَىٰ كَلِمَةِ ٱلإِخْلَاصِ، وَعَلَىٰ دِينِ نَبِيِّنَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ، وَعَلَىٰ مِلَّةِ أَبِينَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا مُسْلِمًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِين

Al-Nasa'i, Musnad Ahmad, Ibn al-Sunni. We have reached the morning/evening upon the innate purity of Islam, upon the word of truthful devotion, and upon the way of life of our Prophet Muhammad, peace be upon him, and the path of our father Ibrahim, who surrendered lovingly and completely to Allah and was not of those who associate partners with Him.



اللَّهُمَّ مَا أَصْبَحَ المَّسَى بِي مِنْ نِعْمَةٍ أَوْ بِأَحَدٍ مِنْ خَلْقِكَ فَمِنْكَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ، فَلَكَ اللَّهُمَّ مَا أَصْبَحَ المُسْكِرِ اللَّهُمُ وَلَكَ ٱلشُّكْرِ

O Allah, whatever grace I find this morning/**evening**, or any of Your creation finds, is only from You, without partner. To you belong all praise and gratitude.

Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud, Ibn Hibban. Whoever recites this in the morning has discharged the right of gratitude upon him for the day; and whoever recites it in the evening has discharged the right of gratitude upon him for the evening.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَصْبَحْتُ أَمْسَيْتُ أُشْهِدُكَ، وَأُشْهِدُ حَمَلَةَ عَرْشِكَ، وَمَلَائِكَتَكَ، وَجَمِيعَ خَلْقِكَ، أَنَّكَ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَصْبَحْتُ أَمْسَيْتُ أُشْهِدُكَ وَرَسُولُك (4) أَنْتَ ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ، وَأَنَّ [سَيِّدَنَا] مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُولُك (4)

O Allah, I have reached the morning/**evening** summoning You to bear witness, summoning the bearers of Your Throne, Your angels, and all of Your creation to bear witness that You are Allah, singularly worthy of worship, without partner, and that [our Master] Muhammad is Your servant and Messenger.

Four times in the morning and evening

Al-Nasa'i, Al-Tirmidhi, Abu Dawud. Whoever recites this upon waking, Allah will forgive him any sins that he commits that day; and if he recites it in the evening, Allah will forgive him any sins he commits that night. Additionally, whoever recites it once, Allah will free a fourth of him from the Fire; whoever recites it twice, Allah will free half of him from the Fire; whoever recites it three times, Allah will free a third of him from the Fire; and whoever recites it four times, Allah will free all of him from the Fire.



رَضِيتُ بِٱللَّهِ رَبًّا وَبِٱلْإِسْلَامِ دِيناً وَ[بِسَيِّدِنَا] مُحَمَّدٍ [صَلَّى ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ] نَبِيًّا وَرَسُولاً (3)

I am pleased with Allah as Lord, Islam as a way of life, and [Our Master] Muhammad [peace be upon him] as a Prophet and Messenger.

Three times in the morning and evening

Al-Tirmidhi, Abu Dawud, Al-Nasa'i. Whoever recites this, Allah has made it obligatory upon Himself to please him on the Day of Judgment. Additionally, Allah has made Paradise obligatory upon the one who recites this.



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ، وَأَنَا عَلَىٰ عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا ٱسْتَطَعْتُ، أَعُوذُ اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا صَنَعْتُ، أَبُوّءُ لِكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبُوّءُ بِذَنْبِي، فَٱغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ اللَّهُ مَا صَنَعْتُ، أَبُوّءُ لِكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبُوّءُ بِذَنْبِي، فَٱغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

O Allah, You are my Lord. There is none to be worshiped besides You. You created me and I am Your servant. I strive to abide by Your covenant and pledge as best I can. I seek refuge in You from the evil that I have committed. I acknowledge Your favor upon me and I confess my sin. Forgive me, for none forgives sins except You.

Al-Bukhari. The Messenger called this supplication Sayyid al-Istighfar — The Master of Supplications in Seeking Forgiveness. If one recites it with certainty in the evening and dies that evening, he will enter Paradise; likewise, if one recites it with certainty during the morning and dies during that day, he will enter Paradise.



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ ٱلْفَاتِحِ لِمَا أُغْلِقَ، وٱلْخَاتِمِ لِمَا سَبَقَ، نَاصِرِ ٱلْحَقِّ بِٱلْحَقِّ، وَٱلْهَادِي إِللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ ٱلْفَاتِحِ لِمَا أُغْلِقَ، وَٱلْخَاتِمِ لِمَا سَبَقَ، نَاصِرِ ٱلْحَقِّ بِٱلْحَقِّ، وَٱلْهَادِي إِلَى صِرَاطِكَ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيم، وَعَلَىٰ آلِهِ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ وَمِقْدَارِهِ ٱلْعَظِيم (10)

O Allah, send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad – the Opener of what was closed, the Seal of what came before, the Victor of the Truth by the Truth, and the Guide to Your Straight Path – and upon his family, as befitting his immense stature and eminence.

This formula of *salawat*, called *Salat al-Fatih*, is attributed to numerous saintly scholars, all of whom report immense virtue in its recitation. Among them: erasure of sins; resolution of worries, difficulties and troubles; acceptance of supplications; realization of hopes and aspirations; ease of provision; and spiritual purification.

Ten times in the morning and evening



Transcendent is Allah, with the number of His creation. Transcendent is Allah, with the satisfaction of His Being. Transcendent is Allah, by the magnitude of the weight of His Throne. Transcendent is Allah, by the ink of His Words and signs.

Three times in the morning and evening

Muslim. Allah's Messenger left Sayyida Juwayriyya bint al-Harith, the Mother of the Believers (may Allah be pleased with her), as she was busy observing her dawn prayer in her place of worship. He returned around midday to find her still in her place. He asked her whether she remained in the same position as when he had left. She replied yes. He said that he recited four phrases, three times — the above dhikr in its entirety — after he left her and they outweighed all that she had recited since morning.



(3) الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَدَدَ خَلْقِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رِضَا نَفْسِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ زِنَةَ عَرْشِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ مِدَادَ كَلِمَاتِه (3) Al-Nasa'i. All praise belongs to Allah, with the number of His creation. All praise belongs to Allah, with the satisfaction of His Being. All praise belongs to Allah, by the magnitude of the weight of His Throne. All praise belongs to Allah, by the ink of His Words and signs.

Three times in the morning and evening



Al-Nasa'i. There is no god worthy of worship besides Allah, with the number of His creation. There is no god worthy of worship besides Allah, with the satisfaction of His Being. There is no god worthy of worship besides Allah, by the magnitude of the weight of His Throne. There is no god worthy of worship besides Allah, by the ink of His Words and signs.

Three times in the morning and evening



Al-Nasa'i. Allah is greater, with the number of His creation. Allah is greater, with the satisfaction of His Being. Allah is greater, by the magnitude of the weight of His Throne. Allah is greater, by the ink of His Words and signs.

Three times in the morning and evening



Abu Dawud and Al-Tirmidhi. There is no power [to draw benefit] or might [to repel harm] except by Allah, with the number of what He has created in the Heaven, and with the number of what He has created in the Earth, and with the number of what He has created [in its entirety].

Three times in the morning and evening



There is none to be worshiped besides Allah, the Sovereign, the Manifest Truth.

Seven times in the morning and evening

Abu Nu'aym (Hilyat al-Awliya').



أَصْبَحْنَا وَأَصْبَحَا أَمْسَيْنَا وَأَمْسَى الْمُلْكُ للّهِ وَالْحَمدُ للّهِ، لآ إِلّه إِلّا الله وَحْدَهُ لا شَرِيكَ اللّهُ وَخَيْرَ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ، وَهُو عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير، رَبِّ أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ مَا فِي هَٰذَا النَّهَارِ اهٰذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَنْ شَرِّ مَا فِي هَٰذَا النَّهَارِ اهٰذِهِ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَلِ اللّهُ وَحَيْرَ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَحَيْرَ اللّهُ وَسُوءِ الْكَبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي النَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَسُوءِ الْكِبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي النَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ اللهُ اللهُ وَسُوءِ الْكِبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي النَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ اللهُ اللهُ وَسُوءِ الْكِبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي النَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي الْقَبْرِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَسُوءِ الْكِبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي اللّهُ وَكُودُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَسُوءِ الْكَبَالِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَمَا اللهُ اللهُ وَمَا اللهُ اللهُ



أَصْبَحْنَا وَأَصْبَحَ/أَمْسَيْنَا وَأَمْسَى ٱلْمُلْكُ للّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ هَٰذَا ٱلْيَوْمِ/هَٰذِهِ ٱلسَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ ٱللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ ٱللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ اللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مَلَالَيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا فِيهِ/فِيهَا وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَه/بَعْدَهَا

Abu Dawud. We have reached the morning/**evening** and all sovereignty belongs to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds. O Allah, I ask You for the good of this day/**night** — its opening, its victory, its light, its blessing, and its guidance. And I seek refuge in You from the evil of what it contains and the evil of what comes after it.



اللَّهُمَّ عَالِمَ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَادَةِ فَاطِرَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ رَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَمَلِيكَهُ، أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُمَّ عَالِمَ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ رَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَمَلِيكَهُ، أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُمَّ عَالَىٰ نَفْسِي سُوّءًا أَنْتَ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي وَمِنْ شَرِّ ٱلشَّيْطَانِ وَشِرْكِهِ [وَشَرَكِهِ]، وَأَنْ أَقْتَرِفَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِي سُوّءًا أَنْ لَآ إِلَى مُسْلِم أَوْ أَجُرَّهُ إِلَى مُسْلِم

O Allah, Knower of the unseen and the manifest, Originator of the Heavens and the earth, Lord and Sovereign of all things, I bear witness that there is nothing to be worshiped besides You. I seek refuge in You from the evil of my lower self, and the evil of Satan and his association [and his snare]; and that I should transgress evil against myself or perpetrate such upon a Muslim.

Abu Dawud, Al-Tirmidhi, Musnad Ahmad. Sayyiduna Abu Bakr (Allah be pleased with him) reported that Allah's Messenger commanded him to recite this in the morning, evening and when he retired to bed.



اللَّهُمَ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلْعَفْوَ وَٱلْعَافِيَةَ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلآخِرَةِ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلْعَفْوَ وَٱلْعَافِيَةَ فِي دِينِي وَدُنْيَايَ وَأَهْلِي وَمَالِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ ٱسْتُرْ عَوْرَاتِي وَآمِنْ رَوْعَاتِي، وَٱحْفَظْنِي مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيَّ وَمِنْ خَلْفي وَدُنْيَايَ وَأَهْلِي وَمَنْ شَمَالِي وَمِنْ فَوْقِي وَأَعُوذُ بِعَظَمَتِكَ أَنْ أُغْتَالَ مِنْ تَحْتِي

O Allah, I ask You for pardon and freedom from all harm in this life and the Next. O Allah, I ask You for pardon and freedom from all harm in my religion, my worldly affairs, my family and my wealth. O Allah, conceal my defects and deficiencies and transform my fears into peace and security. Guard me in front of me and behind me, from my right and from my left, from above me, and I seek refuge in Your Greatness that I be seized from beneath me.

Abu Dawud, Al-Nasa'i, Ibn Majah, Ibn Hibban. It was related that the Messenger never omitted this supplication in the morning and evening.



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَأَنْتَ رَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ، مَا شَآءَ اللَّهُ كَانَ، وَمَا لَمْ يَكُنْ. لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَلِيِّ ٱلْعَظِيمِ. أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير، وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَدْ أَخَاطَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمَاً، وَأَحْصَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَدَدَاً. ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ أَكُلُ شَيْءٍ عِلْمَاً، وَأَحْصَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَدَدَاً. ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ أَكُلُ شَيْءٍ عَلْمَا أَنْ وَأَبِي عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْم (3)

O Allah, You are my Lord. There is none to be worshiped except You. Upon You I place my reliance, and You are the Lord of the Tremendous Throne. What Allah wills will be, and what He does not will, will not be. There is no power or ability except by Allah, the Exalted, the Tremendous. I know that Allah has power over all things, and that Allah has encompassed all things in knowledge and has enumerated all things in number. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from the evil of my lower self and from the evil of every creature that You have grasped in control by their forelock. Verily, my Lord is upon a straight path.

Three times in the morning and evening

Ibn al-Sunni. Whoever recites this in the morning, no calamity will afflict him until the evening; and whoever recites it in the evening, no calamity will afflict him until he rises the next day. In another version: Whoever recites these words when he rises, nothing that he dislikes will affect his family or wealth.



اللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي بَدَنِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي سَمْعِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي بَصَرِي، لَآ إِلَّهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ (3)

Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud, Musnad Ahmad. O Allah, grant me well-being in my body. O Allah, grant me well-being in my hearing. O Allah, grant me well-being in my sight. There is none to be worshiped except You.

Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْكُفْرِ وَٱلْفَقْرِ وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي ٱلْقَبْرِ، لَآ إِلَّهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ (3)

Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud, Musnad Ahmad. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from disbelief and poverty, and I seek refuge in You from the punishment of the grave.

There is none to be worshiped besides You.

Three times in the morning and evening



Abu Dawud, Al-Nasa'i, Musnad Ahmad and Others. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from four: knowledge which does not benefit, a heart which is not in reverential awe of You, a lower self that is never satisfied, and a supplication which is not heard.



Abu Dawud, Al-Tirmidhi, Musnad Ahmad. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from the evil of my hearing, the evil of my sight, the evil of my tongue, the evil of my heart, and the evil of my sexual fluid [or desire].



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from the evil of my sexual organs, the evil of my stomach, the evil of my feet, the evil of my hands, the evil of my carnal desires, and the evil of my inclinations.



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from a covetousness that is obeyed, an inclination that is followed, a worldly interest that is preferred, and my admiration of my self and my opinions.

Abu Dawud, Al-Bazar, Al-Tabarani. Covetousness that is obeyed, an inclination that is followed, and admiration of one's self and opinions are destructive vices.



Al-Tirmidhi, Ibn Hibban, Al-Tabarani. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from reprehensible character, actions, caprice and disease.



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from doubt, associating partners with You, and hypocrisy. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from disbelief and divisiveness.



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from arrogance, self-admiration, self-delusion, desire for reputation, ostentation, and conceit



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from greed, malice, violent envy and covetousness.



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from rancor, fraud, deception, lying, duplicity, and treachery.



O Allah, I seek refuge in You from obscenity, harshness, a deficiency of modesty, and a lack of fidelity.



O Allah, I seek refuge with You from consternation and grief, and I seek refuge with You from incapacity and laziness, and I seek refuge with You from cowardice and miserliness, and I seek refuge with You from being overwhelmed by debt and from being subdued by men.

Abu Dawud. For the one who recites this, Allah will relieve his worries and concerns, and discharge his debt.



اللَّهُمَّ طَهِّرْ قَلْبِي مِنْ كُلِّ دَآءٍ، ٱللَّهُمَّ زَيِّنْ قَلْبِي لَكَ وَلِيَوْمِ ٱلْعَرْضِ عَلَيْكَ

O Allah, purify my heart from every ailment, and adorn my heart for You and for the Day I will be presented to You.



اللَّهُمَّ أَقِمْنِي بِصِدْقِ ٱلْعُبُودِيَّةِ بَيْنَ يَدِيْكَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ ٱجْعَلْنِي أَعْبُدُكَ كَأَنِّي أَرَاكَ

O Allah, establish me in sincere worship before You. O Allah, grant me to worship You as though I witness You.



اَهْدِنِي لِأَحْسَنِ ٱلْأَخْلَاقِ، لَا يَهْدِي لِأَحْسَنِهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، وَٱصْرِفْ عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا لَا يَصْرِفُ [اللَّهُمَّ] عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، لَبَيْكَ وَسَعْدَيْكَ، وَٱلْخَيْرُ كُلُّهُ بِيَدَيْكَ، وَٱلشَّرُّ لَيْسَ إِلَيْكَ، أَنَا بِكَ وَإِلَيْكَ، عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، لَبَيْكَ وَسَعْدَيْكَ، وَٱلْخَيْرُ كُلُّهُ بِيَدَيْكَ، وَٱلشَّرُّ لَيْسَ إِلَيْكَ، أَنَا بِكَ وَإِلَيْكَ، تَبَارَكْتَ وَتَعَالَيْتَ، أَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ

Muslim. O Allah, guide me to the most beautiful character, for none can guide to the most beautiful character except You. And avert me from evil character, for none can avert it except You. I stand at Your service with happiness and joy. All good is in Your Hand. Evil is not from You. I am by You and for You. Blessed and Exalted are You. I seek Your forgiveness and I turn to You in repentance.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي ضَعِيفٌ فَقَوِّ فِي رِضَاكَ ضَعْفِي، وَخُذْ إِلَى ٱلْخَيْرِ بِنَاصِيَتِي، وَٱجْعَلِ ٱلْإِسْلَامَ مُنْتَهَى رِضَاكَ ضَعِيفٌ فَقَوِّنِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي ذَلِيلٌ فأَعِزَّنِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي فَقِيرٌ فَٱرْزُقْنِي

O Allah – I am weak, please strengthen my weakness in pursuit of Your pleasure, take me to goodness by my forelock, and make loving-surrender to You my ultimate pleasure. O Allah, I am weak, please strengthen me. O Allah, I am abased, please dignify me. O Allah I am indigent, please provide for me.

Ibn Abi Shayba and Al-Hakim. Whoever Allah wishes good for, He teaches him this supplication which he then never forgets.



اللَّهُمَّ ٱرْزُقْنِي حُبَّكَ، وَحُبَّ مَنْ يَنفَعُنِي حُبُّهُ عِنْدَكَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ مَا رَزَقْتَنِي مِمَّا أُحِبُّ، فَٱجْعَلْهُ لِي قُوَّةً فِيمَا تُحِبُّ، فَٱجْعَلْهُ لِي فَرَاغَاً فِيمَا تُحِبُّ فَاجْعَلْهُ لِي فَرَاغَاً فِيمَا تُحِبُّ

Al-Tirmidhi. O Allah, grant me Your love and the love of one whose love benefits me with You. O Allah, whatever You have bestowed upon me of what I love, make it for me strength in what You love. O Allah, whatever You withhold from me of what I love, make it free energy for me in what You love.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ حُبَّكَ، وَحُبَّ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى ٱللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ آلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ آلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ آلِهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ آلِيهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَنْبِيَائِكَ وَرُسُلِكَ [عَلَىٰ رُسُولِنَا وَعَلَيْهِمُ أَصْحَابِ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى أَلَهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَنْبِيَائِكَ وَرُسُلِكَ [عَلَىٰ رُسُولِنَا وَعَلَيْهِمُ الصَّلَاةُ وَٱلسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْطَلَاةُ وَٱلسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْطَلَاةُ وَٱلسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْلِيَآئِكَ، وَحُبَّ ٱلصَّلَاةُ وَٱلسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْلِيَآئِكَ، وَحُبَّ ٱلصَّلَاةِ وَعَلَيْهِمُ ٱلصَّلَاةِ وَالسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَوْلِيَآئِكَ، وَحُبَّ ٱلصَّالِحِينَ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ

O Allah, I implore You for Your love, the love of Your Prophet [may Allah the Exalted send His peace and salutations upon him and his family], the love of the

Household of Your Prophet [may Allah the Exalted send His peace and salutations upon him and his family], the love of the family of Your Prophet [may Allah the Exalted send His peace and salutations upon him and his family], the love of the

Companions of Your Prophet [may Allah the Exalted send His peace and salutations upon him and his family], the love of Your Prophets and Messengers [upon our Messenger and upon them all be peace and salutations], and the love of their families and companions [upon our Messenger and upon them all be peace and salutations], the love of Your Angels [upon them be peace], the love of Your intimate friends and the love of the righteous from amongst Your servants.



O Allah, Your loving-mercy I seek. Do not entrust me to myself for even the blinking of an eye, and rectify for me all my affairs. There is none to be worshiped besides You.

Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud, Musnad Ahmad. The Messenger of Allah said that this is the supplication for the one who is distressed and anguished.



اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا دِينَنَا ٱلَّذِي هُوَ عِصْمَةُ أَمْرِنَا، وَأَصْلِحْ لَنَا دُنْيَانَا ٱلَّتِي فِيهَا مَعَاشُنَا، وَأَصْلِحْ لَنَا آخِرَتَنَا ٱللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا وَيَادَةً لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَ اللَّهُمَ اللَّهُمَ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا مُوسَلِحٌ لَنَا قَلَى اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحُ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحُ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحُ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحُ لَنَا اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحُ لَكُمْ اللَّهُمَ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَ



اللَّهُمَّ ٱقْسِمْ لَنَا مِنْ حَشْيَتِكَ مَا تَحُولُ بِهِ يَنْنَا وَبَيْنَ مَعْصِيَتِكَ، وَمِنْ طَاعَتِكَ مَا تُجُولُ بِهِ جَنَّنَا، اللَّهُمَّ مَتِّعْنَا بِأَسْمَاعِنَا، وَأَبْصَارِنَا، وَقُوَّتِنَا مَا أَحْيَيْتَنَا، وَمِنَ ٱلْيَقِينِ مَا تُهَوِّنُ بِهِ عَلَيْنَا مَصَآئِبَ ٱلدُّنْيَا، ٱللَّهُمَّ مَتِّعْنَا بِأَسْمَاعِنَا، وَأَبْصَارِنَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي وَاجْعَلْهُ ٱلْوَارِثَ مِنَّا، وَٱجْعَلْ ثَأْرَنَا عَلَىٰ مَنْ ظَلَمَنَا، وَٱنْصُرْنَا عَلَىٰ مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي وَاجْعَلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ عَلَىٰ مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي وَاجْعَلْ اللَّهُ الْوَارِثَ مِنَّا، وَٱلْتُعْعِلْ اللَّهُ مُنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مُنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مَن اللَّهُ مُعْمَا وَلَا مَلَامَا مُنَا وَلَا مُنَا عَلَىٰ مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا تَجُعلِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا وَلَا مُعَلَى مُعْمَلِ اللَّهُمُ الْعَلَى مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا تَجُعل مُعْمِيبَا عَلَى مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا يَتُعَلِّى مُعْمِيبَا وَلَا يَلَى مَنْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُكُولُ مُنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا يَتَعَلَى مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا يَعْرَفِهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَمْ اللَّهُ مِعْمِيبَا وَلَا يَعْمُولُ مُعْمِلِ اللَّهُ مُنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَيْنَا بِلَا عَلَى مَنْ عَلَامُ مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَيْنَا مِلْنَا مُعْلَى مُنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَيْنَا مِلْهَا مُعْمِلِ اللَّهُ مُنَا وَلَا مَلَى مُعْمِلِ مُعْمِلِهُ مُنْ عَلَى مَنْ عَلَى مُعْمِلِهُ مُنْ عَلَى مُعْمِلِ مُعْمِلِ مُعْمِلِ مُعْمِلِهُ مُعْمِلِهُ مُعْمِلِهُ مُعْمَلِهُ مُعْمِلُونَا عَلَى مُعْمِلَا مُعْمُلِعُلَى مُعْمِلِهُ مُعْمِلِهُ مُعْمُلِهُ مُعْمُلُومُ مُعْمِلِهُ مُ

Al-Tirmidhi and Al-Nasa'i. The Messenger would never stand up from a gathering before reciting this.



يَا مَنْ لَا تَرَاهُ ٱلْعُيُونُ، وَلَا تُخَالِطُهُ ٱلظُّنُونُ، وَلَا يَصِفُهُ ٱلْوَاصِفُونَ، وَلَا تُغَيِّرُهُ ٱلْحَوَادِثُ، وَلَا يَخْشَى ٱلدَّوَائِرَ، يَعْلَمُ مَثَاقِيلَ ٱلْجِبَالِ، وَمَكَايِيلَ ٱلْبِحَارِ، وَعَدَدَ قَطْرِ ٱلْأَمْطَارِ، وَعَدَدَ وَرَقِ ٱلْأَشْجَارِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا الدَّوَائِرَ، يَعْلَمُ مَثَاقِيلَ ٱلْجِبَالِ، وَمَكَايِيلَ ٱلْبِحَارِ، وَعَدَدَ قَطْرِ ٱلْأَمْطَارِ، وَعَدَدَ وَرَقِ ٱلْأَشْجَارِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا أَظُلَمَ عَلَيْهِ ٱللَّيْلُ، وَأَشْرَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلنَّهَارُ، لَا تُوَارِي مِنْهُ سَمَآءٌ سَمَآءً، وَلَا أَرْضُ أَرْضًا، وَلَا بَحْرُ مَا فِي قَعْرِهِ، وَلَا جَبَلٌ مَا فِي وَعْرِهِ، إِجْعَلْ خَيْرَ عُمُرِي آخِرَهُ، وَخَيْرَ عَمَلِي خَوَاتِمَهُ، وَخَيْرَ أَيَّامِي يَوْمَ أَلْقَاكَ قَعْرِهِ، وَلَا جَبَلٌ مَا فِي وَعْرِهِ، إِجْعَلْ خَيْرَ عُمُرِي آخِرَهُ، وَخَيْرَ عَمَلِي خَوَاتِمَهُ، وَخَيْرَ أَيَّامِي يَوْمَ أَلْقَاكَ

O the One whom the eyes cannot see; Whom thoughts and feelings cannot proximate; Whom no describer can describe; Whom circumstance and time cannot change; Who is impervious to what befalls of consequence; Who knows the weight of the mountains, the volume of the seas, the number of droplets of rain, the number of leaves on the trees, and the number of all that night covers in darkness

and day illuminates in light – no Heaven can conceal from Him another Heaven, nor an Earth conceal another Earth, nor the sea conceal what lies deep within its depths, nor a mountain conceal what lies within its rugged landscape – make the best of my life the last of it, the best of my deeds the conclusion of them, and the best of my days the day in which I meet You.

Al-Tabarani and Al-Bayhaqi. The Messenger gifted gold to a bedouin that recited this supplication due to what it contained of beautiful, eloquent praise of Allah.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ تَسْمَعُ كَلَامِي، وَتَرَى مَكَانِي، وَتَعْلَمُ سِرِّي وَعَلَانِيَتِي، وَلَا يَخْفَى عَلَيْكَ شَيْءٌ مِنْ أَمْرِي، وَأَنَا ٱلْبَآئِسُ ٱلْفَقِيرُ، ٱلْمُسْتَغِيثُ ٱلْمُسْتَجِيرُ، ٱلْوَجِلُ ٱلْمُشْفِقُ ٱلْمُقِرُّ ٱلْمُعْتَرِفُ إِلَيْكَ بِذَنْبِهِ، أَمْرِي، وَأَنَا ٱلْبَآئِسُ ٱلْفَقِيرُ، ٱلْمُسْتَغِيثُ ٱلْمُسْتَجِيرُ، ٱلْوَجِلُ ٱلْمُشْفِقُ ٱلْمُقْرِ ٱلْمُعْتَرِفُ إِلَيْكَ ابْتِهَالَ ٱلْمُنْزِبِ ٱلْذَلِيلِ، وَأَدْعُوكَ دُعَآءَ ٱلْخَآئِفِ ٱلضَّرِيرِ، وَأَبْتَهِلُ إِلَيْكَ ٱبْتِهَالَ ٱلْمُنْزِبِ ٱلْذَلِيلِ، وَأَدْعُوكَ دُعَآءَ ٱلْخَآئِفِ ٱلضَّرِيرِ، وَاللَّهُمَّ لَا دُعَاءَ مَنْ خَضَعَتْ لَكَ رَقَبَتُهُ، وَفَاضَتْ لَكَ عَبْرَتُهُ، وَذَلَّ لَكَ جِسْمُهُ، وَرَغَمَ لَكَ أَنْفُهُ. ٱللَّهُمَّ لَا تَجْعَلْنِي بِدُعَآئِكَ شَقِيًّا، وَكُنْ بِي رَؤُوفاً يَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمَسْؤُولِينَ، وَيَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمُعْطِينَ تَجْعَلْنِي بِدُعَآئِكَ شَقِيًّا، وَكُنْ بِي رَؤُوفاً يَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمَسْؤُولِينَ، وَيَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمُعْطِينَ

Al-Tabarani and Al-Bayhaqi. O Allah, You hear my petition, You see my condition and You know my hidden and my manifest. Nothing of me is concealed from You. I am the miserable and impoverished one, appealing for Your rescue and shelter. I am the frightened and fearful one, confessing and acknowledging to You of his sins. I ask You, destitute. I implore You, sinful and humiliated. I call upon You, fearful and aware of my blindness – the call of one whose neck lies submitted before You, whose eyes are flooded with tears, whose body is humbled in servitude to You and whose being is subdued before You. O Allah, please do not allow me to be disappointed in my supplication, and be compassionate with me – O the Best of Those Who Are Asked, O the Best of Those Who Bestow.



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَاَةً تُنْجِينَا بِهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ ٱلْأَهْوَالِ وَٱلآفَاتِ، وَتَقْضِي لَنَا بِهَا جَمِيعَ ٱللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَاةً تُنْجِينَا بِهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ ٱلسَّيِّئَاتِ، وَتَرْفَعُنَا بِهَا عِنْدَكَ أَعْلَى ٱلدَّرَجَاتِ، وَتُبَلِّغُنَا بِهَا أَقْصَى ٱلْحَاجَاتِ، وَتُطَهِّرُنَا بِهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ ٱلْخَيْرَاتِ فِي ٱلْحَيَاةِ وَبَعْدَ ٱلْمَمَاتِ

O Allah, send Your peace and salutations upon our Master Muhammad, a peace and salutation that grants us salvation from all calamities and afflictions, fulfills for us all needs, purifies us from all evil, elevates us with You to the highest degrees, and causes us to realize the greatest aims of all good in this world and after death.

Al-Jazuli (Dala'il al-Khayrat). This formula of salawat, called Salat al-Munjiya, is attributed to numerous saintly scholars, all of whom report immense virtue in its recitation. Among them: erasure of sins; resolution of worries, difficulties and troubles; acceptance of supplications; realization of hopes and aspirations; ease of provision; and spiritual purification.



ADHKĀR AFTER ŞALĀH

I seek forgiveness from Allah.

Thrice

Muslim.



ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ (3)

Allah is greater...

Thrice

Al-Bukhari and Muslim.



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ ٱلسَّلَامُ، وَمِنْكَ ٱلسَّلَامُ، تَبارَكْتَ يَا ذَا ٱلْجَلَالِ وَٱلْإِكْرَام

Muslim. O Allah, You are the Source of Peace and from You comes all peace. Sanctified are You, O Possessor of Majesty and Grace.



O Allah, assist me to remember You, be grateful to You, and worship You in the most perfect way.

Abu Dawud, Al-Nasa'i, Ibn Hibban and Others. The Messenger took Sayyidana Mu'adh ibn Jabal by hand, told him that he truly loved him, and advised him to read this supplication after every obligatory prayer.



There is none to be worshiped besides Allah, who is singularly worthy of worship, without partner. To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise. In His Hand is all goodness. He gives life and death, and He has power over all things.

Ten times after Fajr and Maghrib

Musnad Ahmad and Al-Tirmidhi. Whoever recites this ten times after Maghrib and Fajr, for each utterance, ten good deeds are recorded for him; ten evil deeds are wiped away; he will be raised ten spiritual degrees; it will be a protection for him from every harm; he will be guarded from the accursed Satan; he will be protected on that day from the negative effects of sin, except associating partners with Allah; he will be rewarded as though he freed ten believing slaves and he will be among those whose deeds are most beautiful and excellent — and he will be surpassed by another only if the latter recites something better.



O Allah, save me from the Fire of Hell.

Seven times after Fajr

Musnad Ahmad, Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud. Whoever recites this seven times after Fajr and before speaking to anyone will be protected from Hell if they died on that day.



O Allah, I ask you for Paradise; O Allah, save me from the Fire of Hell.

Seven times after Maghrib

Musnad Ahmad. Whoever recites this seven times after Maghrib and before speaking to anyone will be protected from Hell if they died on that night.



There is none to be worshiped besides Allah, who is singularly worthy of worship, without partner. To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He has power over all things.

Once after Dhuhr, 'Asr and 'Isha'

Abu Dawud, Ibn Majah, Musnad Ahmad. Whoever recites this will have the reward of freeing a slave from the progeny of Sayyiduna Isma'il ('alayhi al-salam); ten

good deeds will be recorded for him; ten sins will be erased; he will be raised ten spiritual degrees; and it will be a protection for him from Satan.



اللَّهُمَّ لَا مَانِعَ لِمَا أَعْطَيْتَ، وَلَا مُعْطِيَ لِمَا مَنَعْتَ، وَلَا يَنْفَعُ ذَا ٱلْجَدِّ مِنْكَ ٱلْجَدّ

Al-Bukhari and Muslim. O Allah, none can withhold what You bestow, and none can bestow what You withhold. And neither wealth nor prominence can benefit their possessor with You.



لَآ إِلَاهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ، وَلَا نَعْبُدُ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ، لَهُ ٱلنِّعْمَةُ وَلَهُ ٱلْفَضْلُ وَلَهُ ٱلثَّنَاءُ ٱلْحَسَنُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ، لَا إِلَاهُ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ ٱلْكَافِرُون

Muslim. There is none to be worshiped besides Allah, and we worship none except Him. For Him is all favor, grace and virtuous praise, and He has power over all things. There is none to be worshiped besides Allah and we are truthfully devoted to Him in our way of life, even if the disbelievers are averse to it.



﴿ ٱللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوُتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَن ذَا اللَّهُ لَا إِلَّا هُو ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ لَا أَنْ عِلْمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمُ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ ۚ إِلَّا اللَّهِ عَلْمُهِ عَا إِلَّا اللَّهُ عَلْمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمُ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ ۚ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مَا تَا عَلْمُ اللَّهُ السَّمَاوُتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ اللَّوَلَهُ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ وَفَظُهُمَا ۚ وَهُو ٱلْعَلِي الْعَظِيمُ ﴾ بما شَآء وَهُو ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴾

Allah – there is no god besides Him, The Ever-Living, The Self-Subsisting. He is not affected by slumber or sleep. To Him belongs all in the Heavens and all in the earth. Who is there that can intercede with Him except as He permits? He knows what is before them, and what is behind them. And they encompass nothing of His

knowledge except as He wills. His *Kursi* encompasses the Heavens and earth, and He experiences no difficulty in preserving them. And He is the Exalted, the

Tremendous. The Cow - 2:255

Al-Tabarani, Al-Nasa'i, Ibn Hibban, Al-Hakim. Whoever recites this verse after every obligatory prayer, only death will stand between him and entry into Paradise. One who recites it in the morning will be protected from Jinn until the evening; and one who recites it in the evening will be protected from Jinn until the morning.



﴿ قُلْ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَدٌ...﴾ Sūrat al-Ikhlāṣ:

﴿ قُلُ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ ٱلْفَلَقِ...﴾ Sūrat al-Falaq:

﴿ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ ٱلنَّاسِ... ﴿ Sūrat al-Nās:

Once after *Dhuhr*, 'Asr and 'Isha' Three times after Fajr and Maghrib

Al-Nasa'i, Abu Dawud, Al-Tirmidhi, Musnad Ahmad. There is nothing better to recite than these chapters to seek refuge from all forms of evil. The one who recites them three times in the morning and evening will be sufficed against everything.



﴿قُلْ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَدٌ...﴾: Sūrat al-Ikhlāṣ

Ten times after every obligatory prayer

Muslim, Ibn Majah, Al-Tirmidhi, Al-Nasa'i, Al-Tabarani. Whoever recites this with faith ten times after every obligatory prayer may enter Paradise from any door he

wishes. It comes in numerous texts that this *Surah* is equivalent to one third of the Qur'an.



سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ (33)

Transcendent is Allah.

All praise and gratitude belong to Allah.

Allah is greater...

Thirty-three times each

There is none to be worshiped besides Allah, who is singularly worthy of worship, without partner. To Him belong all sovereignty and praise, and He has power over all things.

Muslim and Al-Tirmidhi. Whoever recites the above sequence of remembrance after every obligatory prayer, their sins will be forgiven even if as great as the foam of sea, and they will never be disappointed. Additionally, a tree is planted and grown in Paradise for each individual utterance.



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلآخِرِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي النَّبِيِّنَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي الْمُرْسَلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي اللَّهِنَ (3)

Al-Jazuli (Dala'il al-Khayrat). O Allah, send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad with the first ones, send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad with the last ones, send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad with the Prophets, send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad with the Messengers, and send Your salutations of peace upon our Master Muhammad with those in the Highest Assembly until the Day of Judgement.

Thrice



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ صَلَاةً كَامِلَةً ﴿ وَسَلِّمْ سَلَامًا تَامَّا ﴿ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ تَنْحَلُّ بِهِ ٱلْعُقَدُ ﴿ وَتَنْفَرِجُ بِهِ اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ صَلَاةً كَامِلَةً ﴿ وَسُلَمْ سَلَامًا تَامَّا ﴾ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ تَنْحَلُّ بِهِ ٱلْعُقَدُ ﴿ وَتَنْفَرِجُ بِهِ النَّعَامُ بِوَجْهِهِ النَّعَرَبُ ﴿ وَتُعْسَىٰ الْغَمَامُ بِوَجْهِهِ النَّعَرَبُ ﴿ وَتُعْسَىٰ الْغَمَامُ بِوَجْهِهِ النَّكُرِيمِ ﴿ وَعَلَىٰ اللهِ وَصَحْبِهِ ﴿ فِي كُلِّ لَمْحَةٍ وَنَفَسٍ بِعَدَدِ كُلِّ مَعْلُومٍ لَكَ (11)

O Allah, send a perfect prayer and complete greeting of peace upon our Master Muhammad — the one by whom problems are solved, anxieties are relieved, needs are fulfilled, aspirations are attained and good endings are received, and by whose noble face the clouds give rain — and upon his Family and Companions, with every glance and every breath, by the number of everything that is known to You.

11 times after every obligatory prayer

Al-Qurtubi and Others. Our saintly scholars report numerous virtues in reciting both salawat with regularity. Among them: erasure of sins; resolution of worries, difficulties and troubles; acceptance of supplications; realization of hopes and aspirations; ease of provision; and spiritual purification.



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلثَّبَاتَ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ ٱلتَّثَبُّتَ وَٱلتَّفْبِيتَ فِي ٱلْأُمُورِ، وَٱلْعَزِيمَةَ عَلَىٰ ٱلرُّشْدِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ شُكْرَ نِعْمَتِكَ وَحُسْنَ عِبَادَتِكَ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ قَلْبًا سَلِيمًا، وَلِسَانًا صَادِقًا، وَيَقِينًا صَادِقًا، وَيَقِينًا صَادِقًا، وَالسَّأَلُكَ شُكْرَ نِعْمَتِكَ وَحُسْنَ عِبَادَتِكَ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ عَلْمُ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا تَعْلَمُ، وَأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا وَأَسْأَلُكَ مِنْ خَيْرِ مَا تَعْلَمُ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا تَعْلَمُ، وَأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا تَعْلَمُ الْغُيُوبِ تَعْلَمُ الْغُيُوبِ تَعْلَمُ الْغُيُوبِ

O Allah, I ask You for steadfastness in the matter of my faith. I ask You for discerning clarity in every matter, and resolution upon guidance and goodness. I ask You for gratitude for Your favors and to worship You in the most perfect way. I ask You for a sound and healthy heart, a truthful tongue, and true certainty. I ask You for steadfastly upright character. I ask You for the good of creation which is in Your knowledge, I seek refuge in You from the evil of creation which is in Your knowledge, and I seek forgiveness from You for what You know. Surely, You are the Knower of the Unseen.

Al-Nasa'i, Al-Tirmidhi, Ibn Hibban, Al-Hakim. The Messenger of Allah advised us to treasure these words when we see people amassing the treasures of wealth.

In addition to this supplication, it strongly recommended to include others that one is familiar with. Among the times in which supplications are answered are after the obligatory prayer (*Tirmidhi*).



FRIDAY ADHKĀR

Recitation of Surat al-Kahf (or ten verses from its beginning and/or end)

Muslim, Al-Hakim, Al-Darimi, Al-Mundhiri and Others. The one who recites Surat al-Kahf on Friday will be granted an illuminating light between him and the Ka'ba; will be granted an illuminating light from one Friday to the next; will be granted an illuminating light from his feet to the sky, which will shine for him on the Day of Judgement; will have his sins between the two Fridays forgiven; and will be protected from the False Messiah (Dajjal) – including, for this latter virtue, one who reads its first and/or last ten verses.



O Allah, send Your salutations of peace upon [our Master] Muhammad and upon his family.

1000 times

Muslim, Al-Nasa'i, Ibn Majah, Abu Dawud, Musnad Ahmad, Al-Tabarani, Al-Bayhaqi (Shu'ab al-Iman) and Others. The copious virtues of salawat on the Messenger are mentioned in many ahadith. Among them: When a person sends one salah upon the Messenger , Allah, sends ten salawat upon him, ten of his sins are erased and he is raised in ten spiritual degrees; if a person sends 100 salawat upon the Messenger , Allah decrees for him freedom from hypocrisy and Hell, and places him with the martyrs on the Day of Judgement; salawat to the Messenger is presented to him in his intermedial existence [i.e the barzakh]; the angels send salawat upon one who sends salawat upon the Messenger ; the Messenger returns the greetings of peace (salam) that are sent to him; and the

closest to the Messenger on the Day of Judgement are those who sent the most salawat upon him ...

Abu Dawud, Al-Tabarani and Others. As for Fridays: The Messenger encouraged us to send abundant salawat upon him on Friday, the best day of the week; and the one who sends 100 salawat upon him on the day and night of Friday will have 100 needs of his met by Allah – 70 in the Next world, and 30 in this world – and Allah will appoint an angel to convey this salawat to him while mentioning the sender's name and lineage.



ADDITIONAL DAILY ADHKĀR

I seek forgiveness from Allah, [the Tremendous] – there is none to be worshiped besides Him, the Ever-Living, the Self-Subsisting – and I turn in repentance to Him.

100 times in the morning and evening

Abu Dawud, Al-Tirmidhi, Al-Hakim. In Musnad Ahmad, it is related that Allah will grant one who seeks plentiful forgiveness relief from every worry, an exit from every hardship and provide for him in ways unexpected.



Transcendent is Allah and all praise is for Him.

100 times in the morning and evening

Al-Bukhari, Muslim, Al-Tirmidhi. Whoever recites this 100 times will have his sins forgiven, even if they are as plentiful as the foam of the sea.



There is none to be worshiped besides Allah – who is singularly worthy of worship, without partner. To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He has power over all things.

100 times in the morning and evening

Al-Bukhari and Muslim. The one who recites this 100 times will have the reward of emancipating ten slaves, be granted a hundred virtues, a hundred sins will be erased from his record, it will be a protection for him during the day from Satan, and he will be surpassed by another only if the latter recites more than him.



O Allah, send Your salutations of peace and loving-mercy upon [our Master] Muhammad and upon his family.

100 times in the morning and evening

Please see the Friday *adhkar* for the virtues of *salawat* upon the Messenger ...



ARABIC ONLY VERSION

MORNING AND EVENING ADHKĀR

أَعُوذُ بِكَلِمَاتِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلتَّآمَّاتِ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَق **Three times** in the evening



بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّذِي لَا يَضُرُّ مَعْ إِسْمِهِ شَيْءٌ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيم Three times in the morning and evening



حَسْبِيَ ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَهُوَ رَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ

Seven times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ بِكَ أَصْبَحْنَا المُّسَيْنَا وَبِكَ أَمْسَيْنَا الْصْبَحْنَا، وَبِكَ نَحْيَا وَبِكَ نَمُوتُ وَإِلَيْكَ ٱلنُّشُور اٱلْمَصِير



أَصْبَحْنَا\أَمْسَيْنَا عَلَىٰ فِطْرَةِ ٱلإِسْلَامِ، وَعَلَىٰ كَلِمَةِ ٱلإِخْلَاصِ، وَعَلَىٰ دِينِ نَبِيِّنَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَّى ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ، وَعَلَىٰ مِلَّةِ أَبِينَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا مُسْلِمًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِين



اللَّهُمَّ مَا أَصْبَحَ المَّسَى بِي مِنْ نِعْمَةٍ أَوْ بِأَحَدٍ مِنْ خَلْقِكَ فَمِنْكَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ، فَلَكَ اللَّهُمَّ مَا أَصْبَحَ المُشكر



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَصْبَحْتُ أَمْسَيْتُ أُشْهِدُكَ، وَأُشْهِدُ حَمَلَةَ عَرْشِكَ، وَمَلَائِكَتَكَ، وَجَمِيعَ خَلْقِكَ، أَنَّكَ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَصْبَحْتُ أَمْسَيْتُ أَشْهِدُكَ وَرَسُولُك أَنْتَ اللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ، وَأَنَّ [سَيِّدَنَا] مُحَمَّدَاً عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُولُك أَنْتَ اللَّهُ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ، وَأَنَّ [سَيِّدَنَا] مُحَمَّدَاً عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُولُك Four times in the morning and evening



رَضِيتُ بِٱللَّهِ رَبَّاً وَبِٱلْإِسْلَامِ دِيناً وَ[بِسَيِّدِنا] مُحَمَّدٍ [صَلَّى ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ] نَبِيَّا وَرَسُولاً

Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ، وَأَنَا عَلَىٰ عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا ٱسْتَطَعْتُ، أَعُوذُ اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَبُوّهُ بِذَنْبِي، فَٱغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبُوّهُ بِذَنْبِي، فَٱغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ مَنْ شَرِّ مَا صَنَعْتُ، أَبُوّهُ لَكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبُوّهُ بِذَنْبِي، فَٱغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ





اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ ٱلْفَاتِحِ لِمَا أُغْلِقَ، وٱلْخَاتِمِ لِمَا سَبَقَ، نَاصِرِ ٱلْحَقِّ بِٱلْحَقِّ، وَٱلْهَادِي إِللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ ٱلْفَاتِحِ لِمَا أُغْلِقَ، وَالْخَاتِمِ لِمَا سَبَقَ، نَاصِرِ ٱلْحَقِّ بِٱلْحَقِّ، وَٱلْهَادِي إِلَى صِرَاطِكَ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمِ، وَعَلَىٰ آلِهِ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ وَمِقْدَارِهِ ٱلْعَظِيم إِلَى صِرَاطِكَ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمِ، وَعَلَىٰ آلِهِ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ وَمِقْدَارِهِ ٱلْعَظِيم اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهِ عَلَىٰ اللهُ ا



سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ عَدَدَ خَلْقِهِ، سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ رِضَا نَفْسِهِ، سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ زِنَةَ عَرْشِهِ، سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ مِدَادَ كَلِمَاتِه Three times in the morning and evening



الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ عَدَدَ خَلْقِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رِضَا نَفْسِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ زِنَةَ عَرْشِهِ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ مِدَادَ كَلِمَاتِه Three times in the morning and evening



لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ عَدَدَ خَلْقِهِ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ رِضَا نَفْسِهِ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ زِنَةَ عَرْشِهِ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ مِدَادَ كَلِمَاتِه كَلِمَاتِه

Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ عَدَدَ خَلْقِهِ، ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ رِضَا نَفْسِهِ، ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ زِنَةَ عَرْشِهِ، ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ مِدَادَ كَلِمَاتِه **Three times** in the morning and evening



لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَلِيِّ ٱلْعَظِيمِ، عَدَدَ مَا خَلَقَ فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا خَلَقَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا هُوَ خَالِق مَا خَلَقَ بَيْنَهُمَا، وَعَدَدَ مَا هُوَ خَالِق

Three times in the morning and evening



لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمَلِكُ ٱلْحَقُّ ٱلْمُبِينُ Seven times in the morning and evening



أَصْبَحْنَا وَأَصْبَحَ أَمْسَيْنَا وَأَمْسَى ٱلْمُلْكُ للّهِ وَٱلْحَمدُ للّهِ، لَآ إِلَهَ إِلّا اللّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير، رَبِّ أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ مَا فِي هَٰذَا ٱلنَّهَارِ اهَٰذِهِ ٱللَّيْلَةِ وَخَيْرَ مَا بَعْدَهُ النَّهَارِ اهْذِهِ ٱللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللَّيْلَةِ وَشَرِّ مَا بَعْدَهُ اللهِ وَسُوءِ الْكِبَرِ، رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَعَذَابٍ فِي ٱلْقَبْر



أَصْبَحْنَا وَأَصْبَحَ/أَمْسَيْنَا وَأَمْسَى ٱلْمُلْكُ للَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ هَٰذَا ٱلْيَوْمِ/هَٰذِهِ ٱلسَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ ٱللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ ٱللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ ٱللَّيْلَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مَلَّالِيَالَةِ، فَتْحَهُ/فَتْهَا، وَهُدَاهُ/وَهُدَاهَا، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مَلَالَهُمْ مَا بَعْدَهُ/بَعْدَهَا



اللَّهُمَّ عَالِمَ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَادَةِ فَاطِرَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ رَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَمَلِيكَهُ، أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُمَّ عَالِمَ ٱلشَّيْطَانِ وَشِرْكِهِ [وَشَرَكِهِ]، وَأَنْ أَقْتَرِفَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِي سُوٓءَاً أَنْتَ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي وَمِنْ شَرِّ ٱلشَّيْطَانِ وَشِرْكِهِ [وَشَرَكِهِ]، وَأَنْ أَقْتَرِفَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِي سُوٓءَاً أَنْتَ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ اللّهَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِي شُوّاءً أَوْ أَجُرَّهُ إِلَى مُسْلِم



اللَّهُمَ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلْعَفْوَ وَٱلْعَافِيَةَ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلآخِرَةِ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلْعَفْوَ وَٱلْعَافِيَةَ فِي دِينِي وَدُنْيَايَ وَأَهْلِي وَمَالِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ ٱسْتُرْ عَوْرَاتِي وَآمِنْ رَوْعَاتِي، وَٱحْفَظْنِي مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيَّ وَمِنْ خَلْفي وَدُنْيَايَ وَأَهْلِي وَمَالِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ ٱسْتُرْ عَوْرَاتِي وَآمِنْ رَوْعَاتِي، وَٱحْفَظْنِي مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيَّ وَمِنْ خَلْفي وَدُنْيَايَ وَمَنْ شِمَالِي وَمِنْ فَوْقِي وَأَعُوذُ بِعَظَمَتِكَ أَنْ أُغْتَالَ مِنْ تَحْتِي



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَأَنْتَ رَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ، مَا شَآءَ اللَّهُ كَانَ، وَمَا لَمْ يَكُنْ. لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَلِيِّ ٱلْعَظِيمِ. أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير، وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَدْ يَشَا لُمْ يَكُنْ. لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَلِيِّ ٱلْعَظِيمِ. أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَدْماً، وَأَحْصَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَدَداً. ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ أَكُلُ شَيْءٍ عِلْماً، وَأَحْصَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَدَداً. ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ اللَّهُ مَا أَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْم كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْم كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْم Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي بَدَنِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي سَمْعِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي بَصَرِي، لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْكُفْرِ وَٱلْفَقْرِ وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ فِي ٱلْقَبْرِ، لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ Three times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْبَعِ: مِنْ عِلْمٍ لَا يَنْفَعُ، وَمِنْ قَلْبٍ لَا يَخْشَعُ، وَمِنْ نَفْسٍ لَا تَشْبَعُ، وَمِنْ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْبَعِ: مِنْ عِلْمٍ لَا يَنْفَعُ، وَمِنْ قَلْبٍ لَا يَخْشَعُ، وَمِنْ نَفْسٍ لَا تَشْبَعُ، وَمِنْ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْبَعِ: مِنْ عِلْمٍ لَا يَسْمَع دُعَآءٍ لَا يُسْمَع



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ سَمْعِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ بَصَرِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ لِسَانِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ قَلْبِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ مَنِيِّي



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ فَرْجِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ بَطْنِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ قَدَمَيَّ، وَمِنْ شَرِّ يَدَيَّ، وَمِنْ شَرِّ هَوَاي شَرِّ هَوَاي



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شُحِّ مُطَاعٍ، وَمِنْ هَوَى مُتَّبَعٍ، وَمِنْ دُنْيَا مُؤْثَرَةٍ، وَمِنْ إِعْجَابِي بِنَفْسِي، وَاللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شُحِّ مُطَاعٍ، وَمِنْ إِعْجَابِي بِرَأْيِي



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ مُنْكَرَاتِ ٱلْأَخْلَاقِ، وَٱلْأَعْمَالِ، وَٱلْأَهْوَآءِ، وٱلْأَدْوَآء



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلشَّكِّ وَٱلشِّرْكِ وَٱلنِّفَاقِ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْكُفْرِ وَٱلشِّقَاقِ



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْكِبْرِ وَٱلْعُجُبِ وَٱلْغُرُورِ وَمِنَ ٱلسُّمْعَةِ وَٱلرِّيَآءِ وَٱلْخُيلآءِ



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْحِرْصِ وَٱلْحِقْدِ وَٱلْحَسَدِ وَٱلطَّمَعِ



اللَّهُمَ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْغِلِّ وَٱلْغِشِّ وَٱلْغَدْرِ وَمِنَ ٱلْكَذِبِ وَٱلْخَدِيعَةِ وَٱلْخِيَانَةِ



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْبَذَآءِ وَٱلْجَفَآءِ وَقِلَّةِ ٱلْحَيَآءِ وقِلَّةِ ٱلْوَفَآء



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْهَمِّ وَٱلْحَزَنِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْعَجْزِ وَٱلْكَسَلِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ ٱلْجُبْنِ وَقَهْرِ ٱلرِّجَالِ وَٱلْبُحْلِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ غَلَبَةِ ٱلدَّيْنِ وَقَهْرِ ٱلرِّجَالِ



اللَّهُمَّ طَهِّرْ قَلْبِي مِنْ كُلِّ دَآءٍ، ٱللَّهُمَّ زَيِّنْ قَلْبِي لَكَ وَلِيَوْمِ ٱلْعَرْضِ عَلَيْكَ



اللَّهُمَّ أَقِمْنِي بِصِدْقِ ٱلْعُبُودِيَّةِ بَيْنَ يَدَيْكَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ ٱجْعَلْنِي أَعْبُدُكَ كَأَنِّي أَرَاكَ



أَهْدِنِي لِأَحْسَنِ ٱلْأَخْلَاقِ، لَا يَهْدِي لِأَحْسَنِهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، وَٱصْرِفْ عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا لَا يَصْرِفُ [اللَّهُمَّ] عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، لَبَيْكَ وَسَعْدَيْكَ، وَٱلْخَيْرُ كُلُّهُ بِيَدَيْكَ، وَٱلشَّرُّ لَيْسَ إِلَيْكَ، أَنَا بِكَ وَإِلَيْكَ، عَنِّي سَيِّنَهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، لَبَيْكَ وَسَعْدَيْكَ، وَٱلْشَرُ لَيْسَ إِلَيْكَ، أَنَا بِكَ وَإِلَيْكَ، تَبَارَكْتَ وَتَعَالَيْتَ، أَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي ضَعِيفٌ فَقَوِّ فِي رِضَاكَ ضَعْفِي، وَخُذْ إِلَى ٱلْخَيْرِ بِنَاصِيَتِي، وَٱجْعَلِ ٱلْإِسْلَامَ مُنْتَهَى رِضَاكَ ضَعْيفٌ فَقَوِّنِي، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي فَقِيرٌ فَٱرْزُقْنِي رِضَايَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي فَقِيرٌ فَٱرْزُقْنِي



اللَّهُمَّ ٱرْزُقْنِي حُبَّكَ، وَحُبَّ مَنْ يَنفَعُنِي حُبُّهُ عِنْدَكَ، ٱللَّهُمَّ مَا رَزَقْتَنِي مِمَّا أُحِبُّ، فَٱجْعَلْهُ لِي قُوَّةً فِيمَا تُحِبُّ، فَٱجْعَلْهُ لِي فَرَاغَاً فِيمَا تُحِبِّ فَيْ مِمَّا أُحِبُّ، فَٱجْعَلْهُ لِي فَرَاغَاً فِيمَا تُحِبِّ



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ حُبَّكَ، وَحُبَّ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَهْلِ بَيْتِ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ آلِ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَنْبِيَائِكَ وَرُسُلِكَ [عَلَىٰ رُسُولِنَا وَعَلَيْهِمُ أَصْحَابِ نَبِيِّكَ [صَلَّى اللَّهُ تَعَالَى عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ]، وَحُبَّ أَنْبِيَائِكَ وَرُسُلِكَ [عَلَىٰ رُسُولِنَا وَعَلَيْهِمُ الصَّلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْصَلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَلْفَلَاهُ وَالسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ الصَّلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَوْلِيَآئِكَ، وَحُبَّ الصَّلَاةِ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ مَلْ عَبَادِكَ وَمُسَلِّى مِنْ عِبَادِكَ وَمُ السَّلَامُ]، وَحُبَّ أَوْلِيَآئِكَ، وَحُبَّ الصَّالِحِينَ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ



اللَّهُمَّ رَحْمَتَكَ أَرْجُو فَلَا تَكِلْنِي إِلَى نَفْسِي طَرْفَةَ عَيْنٍ، وَأَصْلِحْ لِي شَأْنِي كُلَّهُ لَآ إِلَّهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ



اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لَنَا دِينَنَا ٱلَّذِي هُوَ عِصْمَةُ أَمْرِنَا، وَأَصْلِحْ لَنَا دُنْيَانَا ٱلَّتِي فِيهَا مَعَاشُنَا، وَأَصْلِحْ لَنَا آخِرَتَنَا ٱلَّتِي فِيهَا مَعَاشُنَا، وَأَجْعَلِ ٱلْمَوْتَ رَاحَةً لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ اللَّهُ الْمَوْتَ رَاحَةً لَنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَرِّ اللَّهُمَّ اللَّهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ ا



اللَّهُمَّ ٱقْسِمْ لَنَا مِنْ خَشْيَتِكَ مَا تَحُولُ بِهِ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ مَعْصِيَتِكَ، وَمِنْ طَاعَتِكَ مَا تُبَلِّغُنَا بِهِ جَنَّتَكَ، وَمِنْ طَاعَتِكَ مَا تُبَلِّغُنَا بِهِ جَنَّتَكَ، وَمِنَ ٱلْيَقِينِ مَا تُهَوِّنُ بِهِ عَلَيْنَا مَصَآئِبَ ٱلدُّنْيَا، ٱللَّهُمَّ مَتِّعْنَا بِأَسْمَاعِنَا، وَأَبْصَارِنَا، وَقُوَّتِنَا مَا أَحْيَيْتَنَا، وَٱجْعَلْهُ ٱلْوَارِثَ مِنَّا، وَٱجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي وَاجْعَلْهُ ٱلْوَارِثَ مِنَّا، وَٱجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي دِينِنَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلِ ٱلدُّنْيَا أَكْبَرَ هَمِّنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا دِينَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلِ ٱلدُّنْيَا أَكْبَرَ هَمِّنَا وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا



يَا مَنْ لَا تَرَاهُ ٱلْعُيُونُ، وَلَا تُخَالِطُهُ ٱلظُّنُونُ، وَلَا يَصِفُهُ ٱلْوَاصِفُونَ، وَلَا تُغَيِّرُهُ ٱلْحَوَادِثُ، وَلَا يَخْشَى ٱلدَّوَائِرَ، يَعْلَمُ مَثَاقِيلَ ٱلْجِبَالِ، وَمَكَايِيلَ ٱلْبِحَارِ، وَعَدَدَ قَطْرِ ٱلْأَمْطَارِ، وَعَدَدَ وَرَقِ ٱلْأَشْجَارِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا اللَّوَائِرَ، يَعْلَمُ مَثَاقِيلَ ٱلْجِبَالِ، وَمَكَايِيلَ ٱلْبِحَارِ، وَعَدَدَ قَطْرِ ٱلْأَمْطَارِ، وَعَدَدَ وَرَقِ ٱلْأَشْجَارِ، وَعَدَدَ مَا أَطْلَمَ عَلَيْهِ ٱللَّيْلُ، وَأَشْرَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلنَّهَارُ، لَا تُوارِي مِنْهُ سَمَآءٌ سَمَآءً، وَلَا أَرْضٌ أَرْضًا، وَلَا بَحْرُ مَا فِي قَعْرِهِ، وَلَا جَبَلٌ مَا فِي وَعْرِهِ، إِجْعَلْ خَيْرَ عُمُرِي آخِرَهُ، وَخَيْرَ عَمَلِي خَوَاتِمَهُ، وَخَيْرَ أَيَّامِي يَوْمَ أَلْقَاكَ . قَالِ جَبَلٌ مَا فِي وَعْرِهِ، إِجْعَلْ خَيْرَ عُمُرِي آخِرَهُ، وَخَيْرَ عَمَلِي خَوَاتِمَهُ، وَخَيْرَ أَيَّامِي يَوْمَ أَلْقَاكَ .



اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ تَسْمَعُ كَلَامِي، وَتَرَى مَكَانِي، وَتَعْلَمُ سِرِّي وَعَلَانِيَتِي، وَلَا يَخْفَى عَلَيْكَ شَيْءٌ مِنْ أَمْرِي، وَأَنَا ٱلْبَائِسُ ٱلْفَقِيرُ، ٱلْمُسْتَغِيثُ ٱلْمُسْتَجِيرُ، ٱلْوَجِلُ ٱلْمُشْفِقُ ٱلْمُقِرُّ ٱلْمُعْتَرِفُ إِلَيْكَ بِذَنْبِهِ، أَمْرِي، وَأَنَا ٱلْبَائِسُ ٱلْفَقِيرُ، وَأَبْتَهِلُ إِلَيْكَ ٱبْتِهَالَ ٱلْمُذْنِبِ ٱلْذَلِيلِ، وَأَدْعُوكَ دُعَآءَ ٱلْخَآئِفِ ٱلضَّرِيرِ،

دُعَآءَ مَنْ خَضَعَتْ لَكَ رَقَبَتُهُ، وَفَاضَتْ لَكَ عَبْرَتُهُ، وَذَلَّ لَكَ جِسْمُهُ، وَرَغَمَ لَكَ أَنْفُهُ. ٱللَّهُمَّ لَا تَجْعَلْنِي بِدُعَآئِكَ شَقِيّاً، وَكُنْ بِي رَؤُوفاً يَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمَسْؤُولِينَ، وَيَا خَيْرَ ٱلْمُعْطِينَ



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَاةً تُنْجِينَا بِهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ ٱلْأَهْوَالِ وَٱلآفَاتِ، وَتَقْضِي لَنَا بِهَا جَمِيعَ ٱللَّهُمُّ صَلِّ عَلَى الدَّرَجَاتِ، وَتُبلِّغُنَا بِهَا أَقْصَى ٱلْحَاجَاتِ، وَتُطَهِّرُنَا بِهَا مِنْ جَمِيعِ ٱلسَّيِّئَاتِ، وَتَرْفَعُنَا بِهَا عِنْدَكَ أَعْلَى ٱلدَّرَجَاتِ، وَتُبلِّغُنَا بِهَا أَقْصَى ٱلْحَاجَاتِ، وَتُبلِّغُنَا بِهَا أَقْصَى الْحَاتِ، وَتُبلِّغُنَا بِهَا أَقْصَى الْخَيْرَاتِ فِي ٱلْحَيَاةِ وَبَعْدَ ٱلْمَمَاتِ



ADHKĀR AFTER ŞALĀH

أَسْتَغْفِرُ ٱللَّهَ

Thrice



ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

Thrice



اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ ٱلسَّلَامُ، وَمِنْكَ ٱلسَّلَامُ، تَبارَكْتَ يَا ذَا ٱلْجَلَالِ وَٱلْإِكْرَام



اللَّهُمَّ أُعِنِّي عَلَىٰ ذِكْرِكَ وَشُكْرِكَ وَحُسْنِ عِبَادَتِك



لَآ إِلَاهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، بِيَدِهِ ٱلْخَيْرُ، يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، بِيَدِهِ ٱلْخَيْرُ، يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكِ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ الله



اللَّهُمَّ أُجِرْنِي مِنَ ٱلنَّار Seven times after Fajr



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي مِنْ النَّارِ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْجَنَّةَ، اللَّهُمَّ أَجِرْنِي مِنْ النَّار Seven times after Maghrib



لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير Once after Dhuhr, 'Asr and 'Isha'



اللَّهُمَّ لَا مَانِعَ لِمَا أَعْطَيْتَ، وَلَا مُعْطِيَ لِمَا مَنَعْتَ، وَلَا يَنْفَعُ ذَا ٱلْجَدِّ مِنْكَ ٱلْجَدّ



لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ، وَلَا نَعْبُدُ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ، لَهُ ٱلنِّعْمَةُ وَلَهُ ٱلْفَضْلُ وَلَهُ ٱلثَّنَاءُ ٱلْحَسَنُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ، لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ ٱلْكَافِرُون



﴿ ٱللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَٰتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَن ذَا اللَّهُ لَا إِلَّا هُو ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْفَرْضِ لَا يَوْمُ اللَّهُ مَا يَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُم وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ ۚ إِلَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ السَّمَاوَٰتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ وَفَظُهُمَا وَهُوَ ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿ وَالْمَاشَاءُ وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴾ بيما شَآء وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ ٱلسَّمَاوَٰتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ وَفَظُهُمَا وَهُو ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴾



﴿قُلْ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَدٌ...﴾ :Sūrat al-Ikhlāṣ

﴿ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ ٱلْفَلَقِ... ﴾ Sūrat al-Falaq:

﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ Sūrat al-Nās:

Once after *Dhuhr*, 'Asr and 'Isha' Three times after Fajr and Maghrib



Sūrat al-Ikhlāṣ: ﴿مُوَ ٱللَّهُ أَحَدُ...﴾

Ten times after every obligatory prayer



سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ ٱللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

Thirty-three times each

لَا إِلَّهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلآخِرِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي الْمُرْسَلِينَ، وَصَلِّ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ فِي اللَّهُمْ اللَّيْنِ

Thrice



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ صَلَاةً كَامِلَةً ﴿ وَسَلِّمْ سَلَامًا تَامَّا ﴿ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ تَنْحَلُّ بِهِ ٱلْعُقَدُ ﴿ وَتَنْفَرِجُ بِهِ اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ صَلَاةً كَامِلَةً ﴿ وَسُلَمْ سَلَامًا تَامَّا ﴿ عَلَىٰ سَيِّدِنَا مُحَمَّدٍ تَنْحَلُّ بِهِ الْعُقَدُ ﴿ وَتَنْفَرِجُ بِهِ اللَّهُمَّ صَلَىٰ الْغَمَامُ بِوَجْهِهِ النَّعَلَامُ مِوجُهِهِ النَّعَلَامُ اللَّهُ وَصَحْبِهِ ﴿ وَيُعْلَمُ مَا لَكُ مَعْلُومٍ لَكَ اللَّهُ وَصَحْبِهِ ﴿ فِي كُلِّ لَمْحَةٍ وَنَفَسٍ بِعَدَدِ كُلِّ مَعْلُومٍ لَكَ اللَّهُ وَصَحْبِهِ ﴿ فِي كُلِّ لَمْحَةٍ وَنَفَسٍ بِعَدَدِ كُلِّ مَعْلُومٍ لَكَ

11 times after every obligatory prayer



اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ ٱلثَّبَاتَ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ ٱلتَّثَبُّتَ وَٱلتَّفْبِيتَ فِي ٱلْأُمُورِ، وَٱلْعَزِيمَةَ عَلَىٰ ٱلرُّشْدِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ قُلْبَا سَلِيماً، وَلِسَاناً صَادِقاً، وَيَقِيناً صَادِقاً، وَأَسْأَلُكَ قُلْباً سَلِيماً، وَلِسَاناً صَادِقاً، وَيَقِيناً صَادِقاً، وأَسْأَلُكَ قُلْباً سَلِيماً، وَلِسَاناً صَادِقاً، وَيَقِيناً صَادِقاً، وأَسْأَلُكَ مِنْ خُيْرِ مَا تَعْلَمُ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا تَعْلَمُ، وأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا تَعْلَمُ، وأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا تَعْلَمُ، وأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا تَعْلَمُ، وأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّمُ الْغُيُوبِ

FRIDAY ADHKĀR

Recitation of Surat al-Kahf (or ten verses from its beginning and/or end)



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَىٰ [سَيِّدِنَا] مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَىٰ آلِهِ 1000 times



ADDITIONAL DAILY ADHKĀR

أَسْتَغْفِرُ ٱللَّهَ [ٱلْعَظِيمَ] ٱلَّذِي لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ، ٱلْحَيَّ ٱلْقَيُّومَ، وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْهِ السَّعَ



سُبْحَانَ ٱللَّهِ وَبِحَمْدِهِ

100 times in the morning and evening



لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ، وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِير 100 times in the morning and evening



اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ وَسَلِّمْ عَلَىٰ [سَيِّدِنَا] مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَىٰ آلِهِ 100 times in the morning and evening



